<u>Adjective</u> A word that describes a noun, e.g. a big house, a cold morning.

Adverb A word that describes a verb, e.g. run <u>quickly</u>, dance happily.

## Article The words the, a or an which go before a noun.

Clause A part of a sentence that contains a verb and someone or something doing the action.

Conjunction A word that joins two clauses or sentences, e.g. and, but, so.

Main clause An important part of a sentence that would make sense on its own.

Main clause e.g. <u>I went out</u> even though it was raining. I went out is the main clause because it makes sense on its own.

# Noun A word that names something, e.g. scissors, herd, happiness.

Proper noun A word that names a person or a place, e.g. Paul, London, Wales.

Phrase A small part of a sentence, usually without a verb, e.g. I have met many famous pop stars.

Prefix Letters that can be put in front of a word to change its meaning, e.g. unlock.

**Preposition** A word that tells you how things are related, e.g. in, above, before.

## Pronoun Words that can be used instead of nouns, e.g. l, you, he, it.

## Subordinate clause A less important part of a sentence which doesn't make sense on its own.

#### Subordinate clause e.g. While you were out, I watched TV. While you were out is the subordinate clause because it doesn't make sense on its

own.

# Suffix Letters that can be put after a word to change its meaning, e.g. cheerful.

# Verb A doing or being word, e.g. l run, he went, you are.

Comma Used to separate items in a list and to mark the beginning or end of a clause.

### Comma E.g. The train, which was late, pulled into the station.

Colon Used to introduce an idea or a list, e.g. There was only one thing to do: jump!

## Semi-colon Used to separate complex items in a list or to separate independent clauses.

## Semi-colon E.g. Zach didn't enjoy playtime; he didn't like football.

Speech marks Used to show direct speech (also called inverted commas). "Stop!" she shouted.

# **Apostrophes** Used to show possession, e.g. The girl's jumper was in her bag.

**Apostrophes** Used to show omission, e.g. wouldn't, they're, I've.